

TECHNOLOGY INFORMATION

Resistive properties of elastomers

TPE/ RUBBER	V S	TEMPERATURE- RESISTANCE °C		HARDNESS FROM SH A - SH D		ABRASION	DVR RT 70°C		ELASTICITY	RESISTANCE TO:					
												OIL	FUEL	HOT WATER	ACIDS
TPE-O		-50	115	55	70	4	4	4	3	4	2	2	2	1	2
TPE-S		-60	115	5	50	2	2	3	2	4	4	2	1	1	1
TPE-V		-50	145	35	50	3	2	2	1	4	4	2	1	1	1
TPE-U		-60	110	65	80	1	3	3	1	1	2	4	3	4	1
TPE-E		-55	150	85	70	2	3	4	2	1	2	4	3	4	2
TPE-A		-40	160	60	70	2	3	3	1	1	3	3	2	2	2
NR	S	-50	80	30	50	1	2	3	1	4	4	2	3	2	3
IIR	S	-50	120	40	30	2	2	3	4	4	4	2	2	1	2
IIR	X	-50	180	40	30	2	2	2	4	4	4	1	1	1	1
EPDM	S	-55	120	30	55	2	2	2	2	4	4	2	2	1	1
	P	-55	160	30	55	2	2	1	2	4	4	1	1	1	1
NBR	S	-40	100	15	50	1	1	2	3	2	1**	2	2	3	2
	P	-40	120	15	50	1	1	1	3	2	1**	2	2	2	2
H-NBR	P	-40	140	15	40	2	1	1	3	2	1*	2	2	2	1
CR	B	-45	120	45	55	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
ECO	B	-40	140	40	40	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	1
ACM	P	-35	150	50	40	3	3	3	3	1	1	4	4	4	2
BR	S	-60	100	30	40	1	1	1	1	4	4	2	2	2	2
FPM	X	-40	200	50	45	3	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	3	1
VMQ	P	-80	200	30	30	3	2-3	2	1	1	4	4	4	4	1
SBR	S	-30	70	30	40	1-2	2-3	3	3	4	3	2	3	3	2

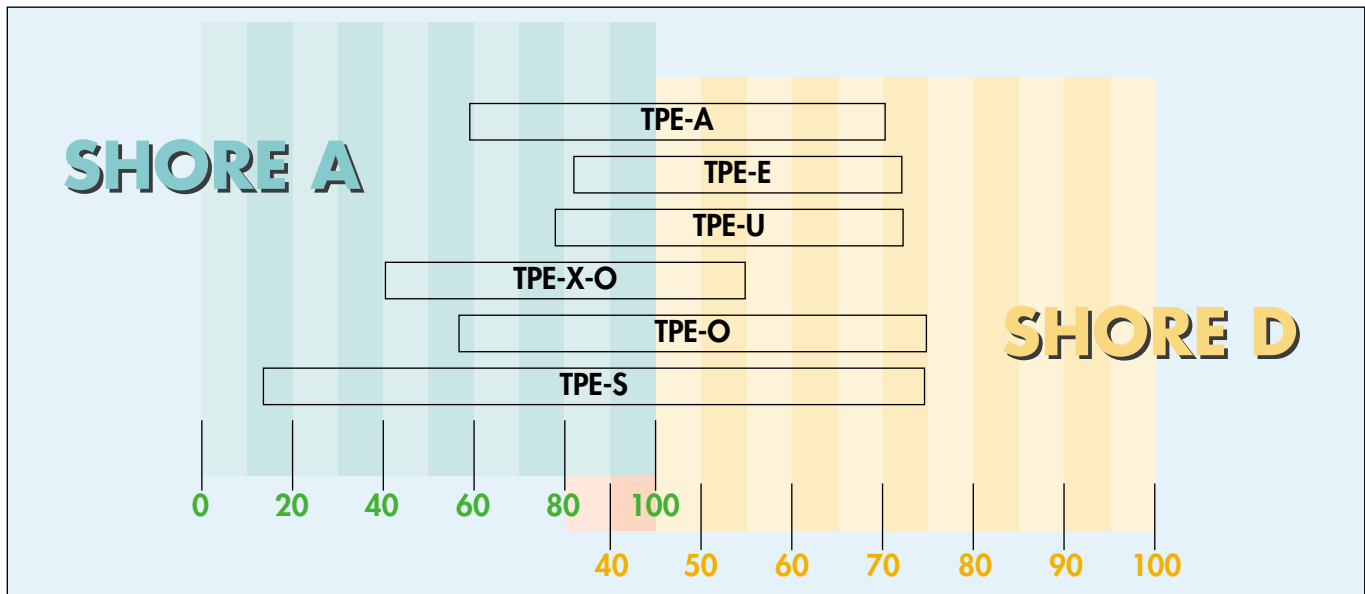
VS = cross-linking system S = sulphur, P = peroxide, B = bases, x = other systems

1 = outstanding, 2 = good, 3 = adequate, 4 = poor * swelling **strong swelling

NBR and IIR are particularly gastight

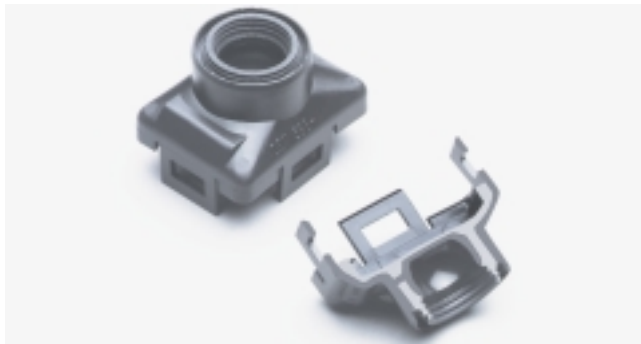
The figures quoted in this table are approximate. Depending on the Shore hardness and the composition, considerable differences in the resistive properties arise. An unrestricted comparability of the TPEs and the rubbers is not given.

Shore hardnesses of the individual TPE groups



Hard-Soft Combinations with Hostaform[®], Celanex[®] and Fortron[®]

The importance of combining hard plastics with soft materials in two-component injection moulding is rapidly increasing. The driving force behind this dynamic development is primarily the reduction in production costs through the disappearance of assembly work, multi-functional components and new design possibilities. Ticona offer plastics for the hard components in two-component injection moulding (2-C injection moulding): Hostaform (POM), Celanex (PBT) and Fortron (PPS).



▲ Sensor housing in the under-floor area of an automobile



▲ Locating clamp for an automobile CD player

2-C Injection Moulding

The Hostaform, Celanex and Fortron materials can be used in hard-soft combinations wherever seals, damping elements, non-slip or shock-absorbent surfaces are required (see table: Application Areas for Combination with Soft Components). The usual procedure is for these hard plastics to be processed in a mould with a soft material so that both components enter into an adhesive bond. Usually the hard component is injected first, followed by the soft component, and they then are formed into one moulded part in the injection moulding process. Factors such as the delay time (between the two injections), melt temperatures, mould wall temperature, injection speed, and the residence time of the first component (part temperature) play a critical part.

Summary of the Characteristics of the Engineering Thermoplastics Used in 2-C Injection Moulding

Amongst the characteristics of Hostaform acetal copolymer (POM) are high toughness, hardness and stiffness, good chemical resistance and easy processing properties. Celanex polybutylene terephthalate (PBT) exhibits high hardness, stiffness and strength, good long-term stability and good electrical properties.

Fortron polyphenylene sulphide (PPS) is suitable for application at high temperatures (up to 240 °C), has inherent flame resistance, high hardness and stiffness. The combination of properties exhibited by these three engineering thermoplastics from Ticona gives rise to a wide spectrum of applications.

Thermoplastic elastomers (TPE)

Thermoplastic elastomers (TPE) are the most appropriate material for the soft combination material for 2-C injection moulding. They can be divided into five principal groups:

1. TPE-O: based on polyolefins (e.g. PP/EPDM and PP/NBR)
2. TPE-E: based on polyesters (polyetherester, polyesterester)
3. TPE-U: based on polyurethanes (polyetherurethane, polyesterurethane)
4. TPE-A: based on polyamides (polyether block amide)
5. TPE-S: based on styrene (e.g. SBS and SEBS)

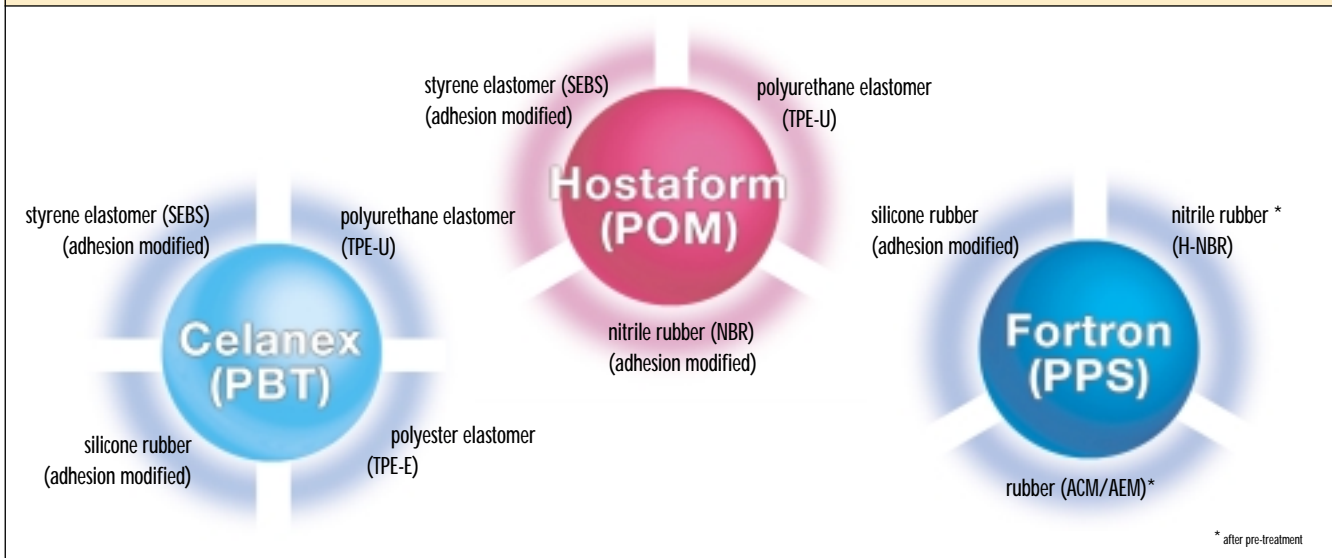
The details of the properties and hardnesses of the TPEs differ (see figure: Shore Hardnesses of the Individual TPE Groups on the reverse).

Rubbers

Rubbers are plastic compositions that can be cross-linked under the influence of heat. The cross-linking, or vulcanisation, is a chemical process in the course of which the rubber molecules bond with one another. The classic rubbers are also known as "true elastomers". Their visco-elastic properties are retained over a wide temperature range. They are characterised by good elongation and elastic memory properties. They are superior to most thermoplastic elastomers in terms of temperature resistance, permanent set and resilience. Some of them, however, have disadvantages such as resistance to fuels or to acids and bases. Classic rubbers are divided into the non-polar rubbers (inc. BR, IR, SBR, EPM/EPDM) and polar rubbers (inc. NBR, CR, ACM, EAM, FPM, SR/LSR).

[®] registered trade mark.

The Following Materials are Suitable for Hard-Soft Combinations:



Hostaform + SEBS

Thermoplastic elastomers particularly suited for hard-soft combinations include the SEBS types (TPE-S based on styrene). They are characterised by a very favourable combination of properties (including high elasticity, good flexibility at low temperatures, exceptional resistance to water, acids and alcohols). They offer, what is more, a widely varied range of Shore hardnesses. Kraiburg, Germany, have developed special adhesion-modified SEBS types that can very effectively be combined with Hostaform. The combination, which is the subject of a joint patent application, enables the user to work with soft components that already have a Shore A hardness of 45. The first mass produced components were available after only a few weeks. The ease of processing and the good adhesion should be emphasised.

Hostaform + NBR-Rubber

After a positive result from preliminary tests performed by Ticona, a diploma research project was carried out at the FH Würzburg-Schweinfurt-Aschaffenburg. The result of this was a rubber mixture that could be vulcanised to Hostaform at low vulcanisation temperatures, in a short time, and without the need for a bonding agent. The bonding combination of NBR rubber and Hostaform makes it possible to manufacture POM parts with directly moulded-on sealing and damping elements. Schneegans in Emmerich, Germany, are already manufacturing series parts (housing elements with integrated seals and stop damping). Further experiments are being made jointly with Krallmann and with Krauss-Maffei, Germany.

▼ *Experimental part made from Hostaform with applied NBR rubber seal*



▲ 2-C clips with damping and sealing elements



Celanex + SEBS

The hard/soft combination of Celanex / SEBS is suited to a wide range of applications. The glass-fibre reinforced Celanex types are used for housings in the automobile and electrical industries. Internal electronic components must be sealed into the housing in such a way that no moisture can penetrate. The seals for the housing parts, which are getting steadily more complex, are often difficult to fit using conventional procedures. The 2-C procedure, in combination with SEBS, provides a significant simplification to assembly in this area, and thus also a clear potential for savings.

The excellent electrical properties exhibited by Celanex are the reason why non-reinforced types are used for connectors. Connectors also sometimes have seals, and 2-C injection moulding can be used to optimise the process here, particularly because of the small component dimensions.

▼ Even conveyor chain links with anti-slipping devices (MCC) are manufactured from Celanex and SEBS using the 2-C procedure.



Fortron + Rubber

Fortron (PPS) is suitable for combination with vulcanised rubber because of the temperature requirements. The large number of developments using PPS in engine compartments, sometimes in combination with AEM rubber, make this area of work particularly interesting. Ticona are developing system solutions, which are expected to make combination possible even without pre-treatment. A further interesting possibility is the combination of Fortron with adhesion-modified silicone rubber, because of its suitability for long-term high temperature application. Parts already exist for commercial vehicle air-brakes, in which sulphur-vulcanised rubbers such as H-NBR are vulcanized on Fortron after appropriate pre-treatment.

▼ Parts for commercial vehicle air-brakes (Helvoet).



Areas of Application for Combination with Soft Components

Automobile		General Industries	
Connectors with seals	PBT/POM	Fluid handling/sanitation:	
Housings with seals:		Sprinkler heads	PBT/POM
Window winders	PBT	Filter heads	POM
Door locks	POM/PBT	Valves	POM/PPS
Central electrics	PBT	Chain links	POM/PBT
Valve covers	PPS	Audio/video/office:	
Oil pumps/water pumps	PPS	Paper transport rollers	POM
Sensors/sensor housings	POM/PBT/PPS	Operating elements/knobs	POM
Operating elements:		Levers/latches	POM
Steering columns	PBT/POM	Drive seals	POM
Heating/air conditioning	POM/PPS	Valves/pistons/ heating/pneumatics	POM/PPS
Audio	POM/PBT	Medical engineering/insulin pen	POM
Ventilation	POM/PPS	Small devices	POM/PBT
Valves/pistons	POM/PPS	Large devices	POM/PBT
Clip with vibration damper/seals	POM		

World-Class Engineering Polymers

- Celanex® thermoplastic polyester (PBT)
- Celcon® and Hostaform® acetal copolymer (POM)
- Celstran® and Compel® long fiber reinforced thermoplastics (LFRT)
- Fortron® polyphenylene sulfide (PPS)
- GUR® ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMW-PE)
- Impet® thermoplastic polyester (PET)
- Riteflex® thermoplastic polyester elastomer (TPC-ET)
- Vandar® thermoplastic polyester alloy (PBT)
- Vectra® liquid crystal polymer (LCP)

NOTICE TO USERS: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy and completeness of such information. Any values shown are based on testing of laboratory test specimens and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for natural material. Colorants or other additives may cause significant variations in data values. Any determination of the suitability of this material for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the material subsequently processed meets the needs of their particular product or use, and part design for any use contemplated by the user is the sole responsibility of the user. The user must verify that the material, as subsequently processed, meets the requirements of the particular product or use. It is the sole responsibility of the users to investigate whether any existing patents are infringed by the use of the materials mentioned in this publication.

Please consult the nearest Ticona Sales Office, or call the numbers listed above for additional technical information. Call Customer Services for the appropriate Materials Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) before attempting to process our products. Ticona engineering polymers are not intended for use in medical or dental implants.

Except as otherwise noted, all of the trademarks referenced herein are owned by Ticona or its affiliates. Fortron is a registered trademark of Fortron Industries LLC.

Contact Information

Americas

Ticona Engineering Polymers
Product Information Service
8040 Dixie Highway
Florence, KY 41042
USA
Tel.: +1-800-833-4882
Tel.: +1-859-372-3244

Customer Service

Tel.: +1-800-526-4960
Tel.: +1-859-372-3214
Fax: +1-859-372-3125

email: prodinfo@ticona.com

Europe

Ticona GmbH
Information Service
Professor-Staudinger-Straße
65451 Kelsterbach
Germany
Tel.: +49 (0)180-584 2662 (Germany)*
+49 (0)69-305 16299 (Europe)**
Fax: +49 (0)180-202 1202

See example below for rate information:

* 0.14 €/min + local landline rates

**0.06 €/call + local landline rates

email: infoservice@ticona.de

Ticona on the web: www.ticona.com

Asia

Celanese (China) Holding Co., Ltd.
3F, China Development Bank Tower
500 South Pu Dong Road
Shanghai, 200120
P.R. China

Customer Service

Tel.: +86-21-3861 9266
Fax: +86-21-3861 9599

email: infohelp@ticona.com

www.ticona.cn